#### § 20.1101

- (1) In §20.2104, NRC Form 4 is approved under control number 3150-0005.
- (2) In §§ 20.2106 and 20.2206, NRC Form 5 is approved under control number 3150–0006.
- (3) In §20.2006 and appendix G to 10 CFR part 20, NRC Form 540 and 540A is approved under control number 3150–0164.
- (4) In §20.2006 and appendix G to 10 CFR part 20, NRC Form 541 and 541A is approved under control number 3150–0166.
- (5) In §20.2006 and appendix G to 10 CFR part 20, NRC Form 542 and 542A is approved under control number 3150–0165.
- (6) In §20.2207, NRC Form 748 is approved under control number 3150-0202.

[63 FR 50128, Sept. 21, 1998, as amended at 67 FR 67099, Nov. 4, 2002; 71 FR 65707, Nov. 8, 2006; 72 FR 55922, Oct. 1, 2007; 77 FR 39905, July 6, 2012]

#### Subpart B—Radiation Protection Programs

Source: 56 FR 23396, May 21, 1991, unless otherwise noted.

## § 20.1101 Radiation protection programs.

- (a) Each licensee shall develop, document, and implement a radiation protection program commensurate with the scope and extent of licensed activities and sufficient to ensure compliance with the provisions of this part. (See §20.2102 for recordkeeping requirements relating to these programs.)
- (b) The licensee shall use, to the extent practical, procedures and engineering controls based upon sound radiation protection principles to achieve occupational doses and doses to members of the public that are as low as is reasonably achievable (ALARA).
- (c) The licensee shall periodically (at least annually) review the radiation protection program content and implementation.
- (d) To implement the ALARA requirements of §20.1101 (b), and notwithstanding the requirements in §20.1301 of this part, a constraint on air emissions of radioactive material to the environment, excluding Radon-222 and its daughters, shall be established by licensees other than those subject to

§50.34a, such that the individual member of the public likely to receive the highest dose will not be expected to receive a total effective dose equivalent in excess of 10 mrem (0.1 mSv) per year from these emissions. If a licensee subject to this requirement exceeds this dose constraint, the licensee shall report the exceedance as provided in §20.2203 and promptly take appropriate corrective action to ensure against recurrence.

[56 FR 23396, May 21, 1991, as amended at 61 FR 65127, Dec. 10, 1996; 63 FR 39482, July 23, 1998]

# Subpart C—Occupational Dose Limits

Source: 56 FR 23396, May 21, 1991, unless otherwise noted.

## § 20.1201 Occupational dose limits for adults.

- (a) The licensee shall control the occupational dose to individual adults, except for planned special exposures under §20.1206, to the following dose limits.
- (1) An annual limit, which is the more limiting of—
- (i) The total effective dose equivalent being equal to 5 rems (0.05 Sv); or
- (ii) The sum of the deep-dose equivalent and the committed dose equivalent to any individual organ or tissue other than the lens of the eye being equal to 50 rems (0.5 Sv).
- (2) The annual limits to the lens of the eye, to the skin of the whole body, and to the skin of the extremities, which are:
- (i) A lens dose equivalent of 15 rems (0.15 Sv), and
- (ii) A shallow-dose equivalent of 50 rem (0.5 Sv) to the skin of the whole body or to the skin of any extremity.
- (b) Doses received in excess of the annual limits, including doses received during accidents, emergencies, and planned special exposures, must be subtracted from the limits for planned special exposures that the individual may receive during the current year (see §20.1206(e)(1)) and during the individual's lifetime (see §20.1206(e)(2)).
- (c) When the external exposure is determined by measurement with an external personal monitoring device, the